DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN



### Definition

 Voluntary supplemental retirement plan

 Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code

Investing Pre-tax dollars

Taxed at the time of distribution

# Eligibility

- Employed by a participating employer
- At least 18 years of age
- Regularly funded position
- Works a minimum of 20 hours per week, 20 or more weeks a year

### Enrollment

- Voluntary enrollment at any time SFN 3803
- Defer a portion of your wages
- Lowers your taxable income
- Invest with Plan Provider you select

# Saving Made Easy

- Elect to participate through Expedited
   Enrollment form SFN 54362
- Minimum contribution of \$25.00 per month
- Investing in NDPERS Companion Plan funds selected by PERS Board
- Administered by TIAA-CREF
- PEP enrollment is automatic with either form

### Waive Participation

- By opting not to participate in deferred compensation
- Waive or forfeit the right to vested employer contributions (PEP)
- May elect to participate in deferred compensation plan at a later date
- PEP is automatic upon contribution to a deferred compensation plan.

## Investing

9 eligible providers



- Can participate with multiple providers
- Can change providers at any time
- You select how your money is invested

### Investing (cont.)

 Can do partial or full account transfers to another deferred compensation provider within the 457 plan provider group

 May change account allocations at any time

### Annual Deferral Limits

Minimum

- \$25 per month
- Minimum required PEP contribution

Maximum

• The lesser of:

Annual Maximum per calendar year or 100% of Taxable Compensation

# Annual Deferral Limits (cont.) 2015 = \$18,000



### Includible Compensation

 Reduced by employer retirement contributions under a IRC 414(h) arrangement

### **Catch-up Provisions**

**Two Options:** 

Age 50+ Annual Catch-up
Regular 3-year Catch-up

# Age 50+ Annual Catch-up

# 2015 - \$6,000



### Regular 3-Year Catch-Up

• Applicable dollar limits per year:

#### 2015 \$36,000

- 3 consecutive calendar years
- One time only NDPERS approved
- Cannot be used at the same time as the Age 50+ annual catch-up

### Lump Sum Contributions

**Compensation Eligible for Deferral:** 

- Accrued annual leave
- Unused sick leave
- Lump sum payments for back pay

# Lump Sum Contributions (cont)

- Lump sum payment is subject to FICA before deferral
- Cannot exceed annual IRC limits
   \*\*Severance pay or buyout distributions
  - are not eligible to be deferred

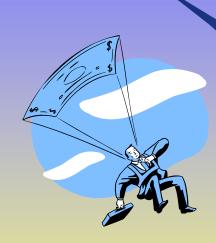
# Distributions

- Funds are available for distribution at specific times:
- Separation from employment
- An approved unforeseeable financial hardship
- Eligibility for deminimus distribution

## Separation from employment

#### Includes:

- Retirement
- Disability
- Resignation
- Discharge
- Death



NDPERS will send notice to you and your agent/provider company
You must contact your agent for assistance in selecting a distribution option

## **Distribution Payment Options**

- Lump sum distribution
  - Subject to mandatory 20% federal income tax
  - Periodic payment
    - Annual, semi-annual, quarterly, monthly
    - Not subject to 20% income tax
  - **Deferred distribution** 
    - Minimum distribution required at age
       70<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> unless employed

# Distribution Payments (cont.)

#### **Penalties**

- Provider penalties on some products
- NO 10% penalty before age 59 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

Taxes Income in the year received Reported on 1099R Form

Social Security No effect on earnings limit

### **Unforeseeable Financial Hardship**

Resulting from sudden and unexpected, unforeseeable circumstances as a result of events beyond the control of the participant

Subject to Board approval

### **Deminimus Distribution**

- Lump sum payment of account balance
- Account is less than \$5,000
- No deferrals for previous 24 months
- No previous distributions

### **Rollover Distributions**

- Other 457 Plans
- 401(a)
- 401(k) plans
- 403(b) plans
- IRA
- Other tax qualified plans



### **Rollover Purchases**

- 457 deferred compensation plan funds are eligible for plan to plan transfer for the purchase of service credit in the retirement plan.
- Transfer is not considered a distribution and is not subject to income tax
- May be subject to Provider penalty or fee